

An Act to provide for compulsory vaccination, and to provide a penalty for en-

forcing same.
SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the Board of Supervisors in the counties in which small-pox exists, are hereby empowered to pass ordinances for providing for compulsory vaccination, to enforce same as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The President or Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall make application to the Secretary of the State Board of Health for a sufficient quantity of vaccine virus to do the necessary vaccinating, and the cost of said virus shall be borne by the county so ordering.

SEC. 3. The Board of Supervisors may make contracts with any reputable physician or physicians to do the vaccinating and pay for same.

SEC. 4. Any person refusing to be vaccinated when requested by the authorized representatives of the Board of Supervisors, shall be punished as for a misdemeanor. Provided, however, satisfactory evidence of successful vaccination within the preceding five years shall constitute a sufficient defense to any prosecution under this Act.

SEC. 5. That all Acts in conflict with this Act be and hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. This Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage.
Approved February 19, 1900.

An Act to amend section 311 of the annotated code of 1892, so as to require the Board of Supervisors of the several counties to decide in advance whether or not bonds issued for the purpose of building poor houses, bridges, and for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonded indebtedness shall be payable after five years at the option of the county.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That section 311 of the annotated code be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 311. may issue bonds for certain purposes—For the purpose of providing the county with a courthouse, jail and poor house, and for building bridges, and for refunding outstanding bonded indebtedness of the county, the board of supervisors may issue the bonds of the county to any amount which, added to all its bonded indebtedness, shall not exceed five per centum on the assessed value of the taxable property of the county, as appearing on the assessment rolls of the preceding year, which shall mature not later than twenty-five years from the date of their issuance, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding seven per centum per annum, payable annually, as the board shall elect, and such bonds (provided the board shall so elect and state on the face of the bonds) shall be payable after five years at the option of the county. All such bonds shall be lithographed with suitable devices to prevent counterfeiting, shall be in sums of one hundred or five hundred dollars each, and shall be registered as they are issued; be numbered in a regular series from one upward; be signed by the president of the board and countersigned by the clerk, who shall impress the seal upon each bond as it is issued; and every such bond shall specify on its face the purpose for which it was issued and the total amount authorized to be issued, and each shall be made payable to a person by name, the purchaser, followed by the words "or bearer," and the bonds so issued shall not be sold for less than their face value. The board shall levy annually a special tax, to be used exclusively in paying the interest on such bonds and in providing a sinking fund for their redemption.

Approved February 19, 1900.

An Act to amend section 1408 of the code of 1892, in regard to appointment of counsel for persons charged with capital crime.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Mississippi, That section 1408 of the code of 1892, be amended so as to read as follows:

1408.—The same: in capital cases cases of indictment and special venire served to be given—Any person indicted for a capital crime, shall, if demanded by him, by motion in writing before the completion of the drawing of the special venire, have a copy of the indictment and a list of the special venire summoned for his trial, delivered to him or his counsel at least one entire day before said trial.

Any person in jail charged with a capital crime, or who is indicted for such crime, and who is unable to employ counsel, shall at his request, be allowed counsel, not exceeding two, to be chosen for him by the judge in vacation or by the court, to defend him in the event court, upon the trial for such charge, and such counsel selected and appointed by the judge or court shall have free access to the prisoner, who shall have process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his favor.

SEC. 2. That this Act be in force and take effect from and after its passage.
Approved January 31, 1900.

An Act to amend section 184 of chapter 44 of the annotated code of 1892, so as to authorize the sale of personal property by the court or chancery in vacation whether necessary to pay debts or not.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That section 184, chapter 44 of the annotated code of 1892 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows, to-wit:

If it be necessary to sell personal property for the payment of debts, or to cause there are no debts and it is to the best interests of all parties concerned, the executor or administrator shall file a petition for an order of sale in which the reasons for the same shall be made known; and, in case there are no debts, the sale shall be to the parties in interest, who shall be notified in said petition, of the time and place of hearing said petition shall be given for non-resident or unknown defendants in chancery. And if the court or chancery in vacation be satisfied that a sale is necessary or proper an order may be made for the sale of part or the whole of the personal estate; and if a part be ordered sold the court or chancery shall have in view the best interests of the creditors and distributees, and the executor or administrator shall advertise in three or more public places in the county ten days before the sale, and shall sell the property designated in the order at public sale to the highest bidder either for cash or credit as the order of sale may direct; but the executor or administrator shall not become the purchaser of any property which he may sell, either directly or indirectly, nor shall any executor or administrator take the estate or any part thereof, at the appraised value.

SEC. 2. That this Act take effect from and after its passage.
Approved February 21, 1900.

An Act entitling receivers, assignees, guardians, executors, administrators and other fiduciaries to include the amount paid to a guaranty company for becoming surety upon their bond as a part of the expense of executing their trust.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That any receiver, assignee, guardian, executor, administrator or other fiduciary, required by law or the order of any court or judge to give bond or other obligation, as such person includes, as a part of the lawful expense of executing his trust, and may receive credit for, when such person is a guaranty or surety company authorized under the laws of this State so to do, for becoming

ing his surety on such bond, not to exceed the sum of \$5 per annum for bonds of less than \$1,000 and for bonds of \$1,000 or more not to exceed one-half of one per cent per annum on the penalty thereof.

SEC. 2. That this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage.
Approved February 24, 1900.

An Act to amend section 767 of the annotated code. In relation to the number of constables.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That section 767 of the annotated code of Mississippi be amended to read: (767). One constable shall be chosen in each district for the election of justices of the peace by the qualified electors of such district, but the board of supervisors may by an order duly entered on the minutes cause an additional constable or constables to be elected in each district, in no case to exceed the number of justices of the peace provided for therein.

SEC. 2. That this Act be in force and take effect from and after its passage.
Approved Feb. 19, 1900.

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, That in behalf of the people of the State of Mississippi, desirous of encouraging the establishment of additional industrial enterprises, and especially cotton factories, in Mississippi, and recognizing the fact that our State offers superior advantages to these industries, such as its mild and beautiful climate, rich and productive soil, cheap and efficient labor, thereby reducing the cost of operation to the minimum, and building material plentiful, ample water power, with excellent railroad facilities, and above all, being in the cotton producing country; that we do hereby and cordially invite home and foreign capital to the establishment of cotton factories and other manufacturing in our State, assuring them of every just form of encouragement and protection.

Adopted by the House January 12, 1900.
A. J. RUSSELL,
Speaker of the House,
Adopted by the Senate February 19, 1900.
JOHN R. DIXON,
President of the Senate.

An Act to regulate the seizure and detention of intoxicating liquors, kept or stored for sale in violation of law and seizure and sale of the vessels and appliances connected therewith.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That there shall be no property in any intoxicating liquors kept or offered for sale, in violation of law, or in the vessels or appliances used in connection therewith.

SEC. 2. That on the affidavit of any credible person that he has reason to believe, and does believe, that intoxicating liquors are being kept and offered for sale, or to give away or being given away or sold in violation of law, in any room or building designated in the affidavit, it shall be the duty of any justice of the peace of the county in which the place is situated, to issue a search warrant directed to the sheriff or any constable of the county, or if in a municipality, to the police or any constable or marshal or policeman therein commanding him to enter the place designated, by breaking if necessary, and search for and seize such liquors and such vessel and appliances, and hold the same until disposed of according to law. The writ shall be returnable at a time to be stated therein, not earlier than five days.

SEC. 3. If any person claims the liquor thus seized, he shall on or before the return day, make affidavit as to his ownership thereof, and that the liquors were not kept for sale, or to be given away, in violation of law, and file the same with the justice, and if the liquor seized be not over the value of \$200, the justice shall try the claim. If the value thereof be over \$200, the justice shall send the claim to the circuit court of the county for trial, and in either case, the person who made the affidavit, may be admitted to prosecute.

SEC. 4. If no claim be interposed on or before the return day, the liquor shall be sold, and the proceeds shall be paid to the justice or the circuit court, as the case may be, shall file the facts, and if upon such investigation, it shall be found that the liquors were kept for sale, or to be given away in violation of law, the sum of \$10 shall be paid to the officer who executed the writ, and if not paid, the vessels and appliances seized shall be sold to satisfy the same, and execution may issue for all costs incurred.

SEC. 5. That this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage.
Approved March 2, 1900.

On March 6th, \$98,423.97 was turned over to the widow or Gen. Lawton, as a contribution from the country.

Send your orders for job printing to the DEMOCRAT-STAR office. Good work guaranteed.

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Mailed every Monday and Thursday morning, has been substituted for the Weekly Picayune. Besides all the excellent features which made the Weekly so popular during the sixty years of its existence, NEW DISPATCHES HAVE BEEN ADDED. TELEGRAPHIC NEWS UP TO 11 O'CLOCK THE NIGHT BEFORE THE ISSUE WILL BE PUBLISHED, and a 6-7 cent request.

The Twice-a-Week Picayune WILL BE FOUND THE MOST INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE PAPER IN THE SOUTH. Although each issue of

The Twice-a-Week Picayune will contain 20 pages, making the total every week 20 pages, whereas the Weekly was only 16 pages, the price of subscription remains at the same figure.

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1893. ESTABLISHED 1893.
O. RANDALL, President. J. I. FORD, Vice-President. E. H. LAMPREY, Chief. H. S. ROURKE, Assistant.
SCRANTON STATE BANK,
SCRANTON, MISSISSIPPI.
Capital Stock Paid in, \$50,000.00. Surplus & Net Undivided Profits, \$14,000.00.
J. W. STEWART, Cashier Moss Point Branch.
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Transacts a general Banking Business. Safety Deposit Boxes for rent, ranging in price from \$4 to \$7 per year. Interest paid on Time Deposits in our Savings Department.

OFFICE HOURS: 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
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August 4, 1900.

ARTHUR L. MOORE,
Real Estate Agent,
SCRANTON, MISSISSIPPI.

He has improved and unimproved Real Estate timbered land, wild lands, oyster grounds, truck farms, or any property you desire in Scranton, Pascagoula, Moss Point, or any portion of the country for sale at reasonable terms.

One desiring to dispose of any Property will do well to consult him.
October 6, 1899.

SWAN & CO.,
Over Two Hundred Million Insurance Fire Assets.

For Mississippi Coast, office at Biloxi, Miss. Fire, Life, Accident, Employer's Liability and Steam Boiler Insurance.

Representing the Strongest and Most Liberal Companies in the World.

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Mutual Life of New York, Scottish Union National, of Scotland.
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All of the above companies have complied with the laws of the State of Mississippi, thus insuring their patrons, besides contributing largely to the revenue of the State and county, by their special license, and that of their agents.

Losses are Paid Cash without Discount without waiting the usual Sixty Days.
October 19, 1899.

M. Forchheimer & Co.,
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

Strictly wholesale—deniers in—
Also owners of the following brands of FLOUR, best in the world.
MIRIAM, NEW PROCESS A. CHOICE XXX EX.

ASK FOR THE ABOVE BRANDS. TAKE NO OTHER.
January 19, 1900.

D. J. McDonald & Co.,
Monumental Works.

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The best Grades of Cemetery Work
possible, and will make close prices to all making inquiries.

Building Work a Specialty. All Work warranted as Represented.
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CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,
For CHEAPNESS and FAIR DEALING.

Two Blocks from Canal-DAUPHINE STREET—Two Blocks from Canal.
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TONSorial PARLOR
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In the highest style of the art . . .

Hot and Cold BATHS
I am now prepared to give hot and cold baths on short notice. My outfit is of the most improved pattern. GIVE ME A CALL.

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Has on hand a Fine Stock of
American :: Watches,
—AT LOW PRICES, ALSO
Silverware, Jewelry, Spectacles.

Write for Particulars.
December 8, 1899.

Neat and tasty job work promptly executed at this office.

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Chas. L. Krebs, Proprietor.
Delmas avenue, two doors west of the court-house.
SCRANTON, Miss.
—Best brands of—
WHISKIES, WINES, CORDIALS, MALT LIQUORS, CIGARS.
October 13, 1899.

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BUILDING WORK A SPECIALTY.
We have a Large Stock of Finished Work to Select from for Quick Delivery.
Royal St., between St. Louis and St. Anthony Sts., MOBILE, ALA.
December 8, 1899.

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G. Mertz, Ch. G. Ibach, F. F. Grotz.
—WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—
Grain Flour and Vegetables,
No. 4 S. and N. Commerce Sts., Nos. 4 and 6 N. Front Sts., Mobile, Ala.
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The never failing remedy for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough and all Bronchial Troubles. The only remedy of the kind that is prepared especially for infants and children.

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September 1, 1899.

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Without change and with speed unrivaled. Shortest and Quickest Route from New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery to

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Through Coaches from Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis, connecting direct for Cities in the Northwest.

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THE DEMOCRAT-STAR
Job Printing office is fully equipped with everything necessary for turning out the best of work in the most modern style of the art.

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Such as letter, note and bill heads we guarantee satisfaction as to style and stationery.

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Will receive careful and prompt attention for any work in our line.

SEND US YOUR ORDERS
SOLID, WIDE VESTIBULE PASSENGER TRAINS.
Lighted Throughout with the Celebrated Pintsch Gas. Heated by Steam.

Finest Equipment operated in the South.
Note this Schedule. In effect November 26, 1899.

Mo. Mobile 7:30 a. m. No. 2.
Ar. Meridian 8:30 p. m. 18:30 p. m.
Ar. Birmingham 12:10 noon 6:40 a. m.
Ar. Chattanooga 6:40 p. m. 8:20 a. m.
Ar. Tupelo 6:40 p. m. 6:40 a. m.
Ar. Memphis 6:40 p. m. 6:40 a. m.
Ar. Hot Springs 6:40 p. m. 6:40 a. m.
Ar. Jackson, Tenn. 9:30 p. m. 10:00 a. m.
Ar. Huntsville 10:10 p. m. 10:35 a. m.
Ar. Louisville 7:35 a. m. 2:30 p. m.
Ar. Cincinnati 10:30 a. m. 7:05 p. m.
Ar. Rives 11:28 p. m. 11:55 a. m.
Ar. Louisville 8:05 a. m.
Ar. Cincinnati 8:05 a. m.
Ar. St. Louis 1:45 a. m. 2:12 p. m.
Ar. Chicago 7:52 a. m. 8:25 p. m.
Ar. Detroit 4:30 p. m. 7:15 p. m.
Ar. Cleveland 6:05 a. m. 9:40 a. m.
Ar. Buffalo 2:15 a. m. 11:20 a. m.
Ar. New York 6:30 a. m. 3:55 p. m.
Ar. Boston 6:30 p. m. 7:00 a. m.
Ar. Kansas City 6:15 p. m. 7:30 p. m.
Ar. Omaha 6:30 a. m. 11:15 a. m.
Ar. St. Paul 8:40 a. m. 6:30 p. m.
Through train No. 1 and 2 arrive at Mobile at 7:30 a. m. and 8:30 p. m.
Nos. 3 and 4 have entirely new equipment, and are vestibuled from end to end.
Nos. 1 and 2 have vestibuled first-class coaches, and all four trains have vestibuled sleeping cars, and all four trains have vestibuled dining cars. For rates, time, tickets and further information write to our office at Mobile and Ohio Street office, under Battle House.

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Peerless Laundry,
MOBILE, ALA.
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—WITH—
H. LOCHTE & CO.,
—WHOLESALE—
GROCERS,
AND IMPORTERS OF
Coffee, Wines, Liquors,

Nos. 319 to 325 Tchoupitoulas, and 424 Natchez Sts., NEW ORLEANS, LA.
December 10, 1899.

NATIONAL CONGRESS OF MOTHERS
Moridian News.
The National Congress of Mothers grows apace. The convention this year will be held in Des Moines, Iowa, May 21st to 25th by invitation of the State, Mayor and leading business and social organizations of the city. The schools will close at the mandate of the State board of education to allow teachers the privilege of attending, while the club women of the city have agreed to entertain one thousand delegates. All of which is a strong testimonial to the good accomplished through this organization. Men and women of national fame will address the congress upon such subjects as child study in its possibilities for boys, treated physically, intellectually and spiritually, the right of education for women, the training of children, etc. Twenty and even ten years ago, such a convocation would have been ridiculed and the comment heard off and long that the mothers proper place was at home taking care of the children; and that practice and theory were too often at variance. Happily that time is past when the home sacred work committed to women, does not deserve attention of the most thoughtful men and women of the age. It is seen then that earnest women, mothers, teachers and all who are interested in the progress of the race, should encourage the development of an organization that will undoubtedly bring to many a deeper "arrest of thought" as to the sacredness of child rearing, accompanied by helpful suggestions of practical methods whereby these theories may be made effective in the formation of character.

A DEER RANCH.
A MISSISSIPPIAN INVESTING IN AN UNIQUE EXPERIMENT.

G. S. McFarland, who lives between Heidelberg and Sandersville, is investing in an unique and what may prove a very profitable business—a deer ranch, says the Jasper County Review. He began some years back with a pair, and now has a fine large family of fifteen bucks and does. Mr. McFarland was a caller at the Review office Monday, and informed us that he was successful in raising five deer last year; he says he has almost completed a nine-foot wire fence around 100 acres of pasture, which will be turned over to his deer family when completed. He has heretofore kept them in a small enclosure, which incurred some expense in feeding. All of his deer are perfectly tame and gentle, except one old buck to whom the sight of a stranger is distasteful and will bear watching for his viciousness.

Mr. McFarland informs us that he will be prepared to place a number of pet deer in pairs on the market next fall, and we have no doubt that they will be sold at a premium, as he has already had handsome offers made for them.

A POT OF GOLD FOUND.
A telegram from Canton, Miss., dated March 8th, says: "Mr. Allen, circuit clerk of Madison county, went out to Sharon, a village seven miles east of Canton, to visit his daughter, Mrs. Holliday. Mr. Holliday had recently purchased a lot that formerly belonged to President Thornton, of the old Sharon college, before the war. Mr. Holliday was cleaning up the lot with a view of putting it into vegetables. Mr. Allen, desiring some exercise, took an axe and began to cut away an old stump in the yard. He succeeded in overturning the stump and discovered an earthen jar. He asked Mr. Holliday what he would take for the find, and was told 25 cents. Allen at once paid the quarter, and investigated his find. He refuses to say how much he got, but the general opinion is that the find will run up into the thousands. It is supposed to be money that was buried by old President Thornton during the war."

How is your liver? The New York Press says: It is not so long ago that this country learned to eat liver. In the memory of the present generation, when a beef was slaughtered, or a porker butchered, the hassets went begging. In the country sometimes a small piece of liver was cooked on a hot rock, but the rest of the organ was considered food for dogs. The hasset consists of heart, liver, lights or lungs and part of the windpipe. To-day all is changed. So great is the demand for calf liver that butchers charge 25c a pound for it—more than the price of the finest porterhouse steak. Liver, from being dog meat, is become a delicacy for the human palate. The Italians taught us how to eat it. They are the venturers of the world, which partly accounts for the decadence of the Regno d'Italia.

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Peerless Laundry,
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